Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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VOL. LXVI.--NO. 119. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1900. WHOLE NO. 10,289

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

American troops sustained no loss in the battle with Chinese last Sunday; Admiral Remey says engagement was over before Americans arrived. —— Allied forces are moving on Yang Tsun. ——The President has appointed D. A. Tompkins, one of the principal owners of the Charlotte *Observer*, a member of the industrial commission. —— Alex. Brasce, an alleged Anarchist, arrested in Richmond, Va. —— Possibility of an extra session of Congress to deal with the Chinese situation is discussed in Washington. —— W. T. Crawford nominated for Congress in the Ninth N. C. district. —— It is feared that the Boers have captured the British garrison at Eland's river. —— The German field marshal Count Von Waldersee has been appointed to command the German forces in China, and possibly will command the international column. —— Rumors in Washington of renewed military activity on account of the Chinese situation. ——Wm. Jennings Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson were formally notified yesterday of their nomination. ——New York markets: Money on call steady at 1@2 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 9 13-16c; flour was again neglected and barely steady; wheat—spot weak, No. 2 red 79⅝c.; corn—spot weak, No. 2 44⅝c.; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine quiet.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 8

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 77 degrees; 8 P. M., 89 degrees; maximum, 97 degrees; minimum, 72 degrees; mean, 84 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.68 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Scattered showers have fallen in the Galveston, Little Rock, New Orleans and Vicksburg districts, Clear weather has prevailed in the other sections. The temperature is higher in the Wilmington, Vicksburg and New Orleans districts.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—For North Carolina—Generally fair and continued warm Thursday and Friday; light variable winds.

Port Almanac---August 9.

Sun Rises	5.13 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.56 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 43 M.
High Water at Southport.	6.08 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington.	5.38 A. M.

The "allies" have a total force of 46,000 men moving upon Pekin. The Chinese have 150,000, or more, men between them and Pekin.

Possibly North Carolina may have produced more mischievous and worse men than Marion Butler, but if she has they are dead or forgotten.

The Chinese never kiss. If all the Chinese are as unattractive as those we see and that get their pictures in the papers there is nothing surprising in that.

There is a report from Shanghai that Li Hung Chang has committed suicide. This is probably another lie. We shall decline to give it any credence until we hear from our Li.

The Savannah *News* says the Georgia peach crop did not pan out well this year. With the unfavorable seasons and the rotting of the fruit after it was picked, few of the raisers made any money.

The Philadelphia *Times* calls on the President to quit fooling with the Chinese question and summon Congress to take action. But wouldn't that interfere with McKinley's front porch campaign?

The Chamber of Commerce, of San Diego, Cal., is working to encourage the production of raw silk in that section. There are several hundred silk mills in this country, but there is very little if any raw silk produced.

That Michigan man who obligated himself to twist the tail of a mule once a day for three weeks, if McKinley be elected, isn't such a crank as might be supposed. He inserted a proviso: if the mule didn't protest too vigorously and knock him out before the job was finished.

The Chinaberry tree is getting a big boom in South Carolina now. It is said to be splendid for railroad ties, furniture, house finishing, moth-proof chests, and almost equal to black walnut in durability, susceptibility of polish, and freedom from insects.

A swarm of fleas came up from the marshes the other day and captured the municipal building in Newark. The occupants fled, and it took a big corps of fumigators, &c., several hours to recapture the building. The New Jersey flea, like the N. J. mosquito is aggressive and a hustler.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Dr. W. F. Stokes has removed his office to No. 203 South Front street, where he is prepared to answer all professional calls.

— The tug *Marion* is expected back to-day from Baltimore, where she underwent complete repairs at the yards of E. J. Codd & Co.

— The steamer *E. A. Hawes* cleared yesterday for a trip up the Cape Fear river as far as Cedar Creek. The other boats are still in port.

— In a card in yesterday's Charlotte *Observer*, Mr. M. C. Dowd is suggested as a suitable man for elector from the Sixth Congressional District.

— The regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce for the month of August will be held this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. A full attendance of members is desired.

— The taking of testimony before Ex-Judge James E. Shepherd, the standing master, in the railway taxation cases, will be resumed at Charlotte Tuesday next.

— The new bathing appliances at the Y. M. C. A. have been completed by the Wilmington Iron Works. The dressing rooms were built by Contractor Thad F. Tyler.

— Rev. F. M. Royall, returned missionary from China, spoke interestingly of the war in the "Empire Kingdom" at Southside Baptist Church last night. A large congregation was present to hear him.

— The funeral of little Eveline Burrass, infant daughter of Mr. Owen C. Burrass, was held yesterday morning at 8 o'clock from the residence, Rev. Jno. H. Hall officiating. The interment was at Myrtle Grove sound.

— A number of trembling pale faces will be adopted into Cherokee Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, to-night. Several "Big Injuns" from Eyota tribe will assist in the perilous task of "burning them at the stake."

— Jesse West, the little son of Mr. Isaiah West, who was so severely burned about the legs as the result of coming in contact with a live wire in last Friday's storm, was not so well yesterday. He is yet unable to stand and the wounds have inflamed considerably.

— Mr. R. A. French, who is spending some time in the city, the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. French, has recently been made general agent of the Kanawha Dispatch R. R. Co., with headquarters at Richmond. He was formerly commercial agent of the C. & O., at Charleston.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. Shrier—Serge suits cheap.
D. L. Gore Co.—New mullets.
A. D. Brown—Midsummer wearables.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Dr. Stokes—Office removal.
Eyota Tribe Red Men—Notice.

Butler at Home.

Marion Butler and a few of his henchmen have closed up shop at Raleigh and the "endless chain," as he has been appropriately dubbed by the *News and Observer*, has taken up his abode in Sampson county, his native heath, which came very near repudiating him and his gang at the election last Thursday. There were reports here last night that a guard was necessary for the Senator from Warsaw to Clinton yesterday morning, but these could not be confirmed. Telegrams from other papers to the STAR last night, asking for a confirmation of the news, indicate how closely his movements are watched. Nobody is wondering if he will pay Wilmington a visit while he is in this section.

Excursion To-night.

An invitation is extended to everybody to join with Jeff Davis Council, Junior Order of American Mechanics, in making its excursion to-day and to-night the most successful event of its kind during the season. The outing will, of course, be at Carolina Beach and Capt. Harper has kindly announced a schedule on the steamer *Wilmington* to suit everybody. Boats leave Market street dock at 9:15 A. M., 2:45, 5:15 and 8 P. M. and the last boat will return leaving the beach at 11 o'clock P. M. Refreshments will be served on the steamer and at the pavilion at city prices. Music will be furnished for dancing and the best of order preserved. Fare for round trip on any of the boats, 25 cents.

A Delightful Hay Ride.

A delightful hay ride was given by Mr. Fred Banck Tuesday afternoon to Wrightsville sound and the party had a very pleasant trip. Among those who went were: Miss Reston Banck, Miss Lucile Banck, Miss Katie Fick, Miss Nettie Eilers, Miss Lena May Lessman, Miss Carrie Ortmann, Miss Eva Stolter, Miss Mamie Martens, Miss Dora Bornemann; Fred Banck, Christian Bornemann, Louis Rowell, Harry Poezolt, Martin and Bennie Rathjen, August Wessell, Gilbert Voigt, Carl Miller, Theodore Schutte and Henry Fick. The young people were chaperoned by Mrs. P. N. Fick and Mrs. Otto Banck.

Maintains its Claim.

An enthusiastic Democrat of Robeson and a loyal citizen of that grand old county, writes from Maxton:

"Now comes Halifax claiming that banner. We shall never submit to have a Democratic banner go to Halifax—neither good Democrats nor their banner go there. It's the other crowd."

THE CRIMINAL COURT

Young Mr. Simons Was Found Not Guilty of Cruelty to Animals.

A LONG DRAWN OUT CASE.

Keeper of Disorderly House Found Guilty After Hard Fought Contest Between Attorneys--Other Doings of Yesterday's Session.

Almost another entire day of the Criminal Court was taken up again yesterday in the hearing of a single case—that of the State against Mamie Sheridan charged with keeping a disorderly house. Quite a number of prominent citizens residing in the vicinity of her place, No. 520 South Fourth street, were present to testify, and as both sides were represented by the best of legal talent, the case was hard fought. The jurors had been selected and empanelled by 12 o'clock noon, and the hearing of testimony immediately began. A recess for dinner was taken from 1 to 2 o'clock and it was near seven o'clock, when the jury after remaining out only a few minutes returned a verdict of guilty. Judgment was reserved by Judge Moore until this morning at the opening of court, defendant having given bond in the sum of $100, justified, for her appearance at that time.

The bill in this case was not returned by the present grand jury, but has been on the docket and continued from time to time for more than a year.

Solicitor Duffy vigorously prosecuted the case, and was assisted in the same by Iredell Meares and L. V. Grady, Esqs., all of whom made argument to the jury. The defence was conducted by Herbert McClammy and Brooke G. Empie, Esqs.

The first action by the court yesterday morning was the receiving of the verdict in the case of Mr. W. D. Simons for alleged cruelty to animals in driving a horse to death belonging to the S. P. Cowan Livery Company. The jury, after remaining out all night, returned a verdict of not guilty and Mr. Simons was completely exonerated. It is learned on the best of authority that one man hung the jury all night, the other eleven having readily agreed to "not guilty."

A small negro boy, who was sent with Mr. Simons to drive, it is understood, will be prosecuted for perjury. His name is William Henry Hooker and his testimony was very damaging, if believed, to Mr. Simons.

Other cases heard yesterday were Victoria Sidberry and Deleman Sidberry, affray; not guilty. Julia Murray, colored, larceny of $41 in cash; guilty; judgment reserved.

The following talesman have been summoned for duty to-day: M. H. Curran, Frank Haffner, Thos. H. Thornton, J. S. Brock, Geo. H. Dicksey, G. F. Flynn, Jno. W. Muhcey, H. C. McNorton, W. H. Northrop, J. J. Winley, J. G. King, Louis Capps, Jno. E. Silvia, C. M. Kelley, J. E. Boyett, J. D. James, Wm. Hayes, Jr., Henry Savage, J. T. McIlhenny, L. H. Kelley, Thos. Evans, E. W. Edens, B. F. King, W. H. Bonham.

There were no startling developments from the grand jury yesterday, but it is learned that searching investigations are being made against species of infractions of the law hitherto unnoticed or for reasons passed over for the lack of evidence to admit of a true bill. Disorderly houses, it is learned, will come in for their share of attention. The penalty against keepers of such places is $500 fine and a maximum term of two years in the work house, either or both, in the discretion of the court. Every species of gambling and illicit liquor selling is also said to be on tapis for a rigid investigation by the jury.

Inflicted Dangerous Wound.

Justice McGowan will this morning at 10 o'clock hear the case of Mary Brown, colored, who lives on Campbell between Third and Fourth streets, and who is charged with a murderous assault upon Josh McGuire, also colored. The woman says that on Monday night she had a quarrel with McGuire and that on Tuesday night while she was sitting on her porch talking to another man McGuire came up and leaned on the gate. She picked up her chair and went into her house and McGuire followed her and seized her violently. She had ordered him to leave the premises and when he grabbed her she struck him over the head with a glass. McGuire had an artery severed and received another ugly gash. He was carried to the City Hospital and came near bleeding to death.

Left for Culpepper, Va.

Mr. Charles P. Stearns, one of the cleverest of the clever base ball players on Wilmington's late team and a young man who has made many friends in society circles of the city, left yesterday for his home in Culpepper, Va. His friends, socially speaking, and the ball enthusiasts especially, regretted exceedingly to see him leave and entertain the hope that next season he will don a Wilmington uniform and spend the entire season with them.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. L. McNair, of Laurinburg, is at The Orton.

— Mr. H. L. Wright, of Clover, S. C., is a guest at The Orton.

— Jno. H. Cook, Esq., of Maxton, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. Vance M. Weill, of Charlotte, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. F. L. Blue, of Laurinburg, was an arrival at The Orton yesterday.

Misses Daisy and Jessie Nurney, of Suffolk, Va., are the guests of Mrs. J. H. Thomas.

— Governor Russell was here yesterday and went over to his farm in Brunswick in the afternoon.

— J. O. Carr, Esq., is at the bedside of his father, who is very sick at his home in Duplin county.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Petty, of Carthage, came up from the beach last evening and will return home to day.

— Mr. C. M. Hobbs, accompanied by his wife and two children, arrived yesterday to spend a while at the seashore.

— Mr. A. N. Goodwin and W. H. Pope, Esq., of Fayetteville, were among last evening's arrivals at The Orton.

— Mrs. C. T. Bennett and children left yesterday to spend the remainder of the Summer at Taylorsville, N. C,

— The STAR regrets to note the critical illness of Mrs. N. R. Fowler at the home of Mr. P. R. Fowler on Masonboro Sound.

— Walter H. Neal, Esq., accompanied Hon. Chas. B. Aycock to Old Point Comfort, Va., where they are spending a vacation.

— Messrs. McBryde, Newman, Henley, Wills and Rea, of the Wilmington Base Ball team, left yesterday, to the regret of numerous friends here.

— Mr. K. C. Barrett, formerly route agent of the Florence division of the Southern Express Company, but now of Norfolk, Va., was an arrival in the city last evening.

— Miss Maggie Belle McDonald, a fascinating young lady of Fayetteville, who has been the guest of Miss Elsie White, on Market street, has returned to her home to the regret of a large circle of friends.

— Wm. S. Thomson, Esq., a North Carolinian and a native of Clinton, who has achieved success in his adopted State, Georgia, was here yesterday, returning to his old home to spend a short vacation.

Death Of Aged Engineer.

Mr. Henry Brahmer, who for a number of years was employed as an engineer by the Atlantic Coast Line but who during recent years has been confined to his house by old age, died early yesterday morning of heart trouble and the infirmities of age at his home, No. 303 Wright street. He was born in Hanover, Germany, Oct. 15th 1815, and was therefore in the 85th year of his age. He is survived by one son, Mr. J. P. Brahmer, who is the only remaining member of the immediate family. The funeral will be held this morning at 10 o'clock from the residence and the interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

North Carolina Press Association.

Mr. J. B. Sherrill, of Concord, secretary of the North Carolina Press Association, writes that the local committees are making all arrangements for the entertainment of the editors during their stay at Hendersonville upon the occasion of the annual meeting August 22nd and 23rd. The Niagara excursion will be taken September 25th. Nearly every editor favored a late date for this outing. The Pullman car fare to Jersey City will be only $1.25 per person where two occupy berth, or $2.50 per person where only one occupies berth. This money must be paid at the Hendersonville meeting.

LET NO GUILTY PARTIES ESCAPE.

EDITOR STAR:—All honor to Judge Moore and the grand jury behind him in their courageous work of breaking up the many disreputable quarters in the various alleys and other parts of Wilmington. Let the good work go on. The disgraceful scenes about the old "Racket store alley" on Front between Dock and Orange streets on Saturday nights, should be speedily suppressed and kindred other places broken up. Decency, morality and virtue cry out for an early abatement of such nuisances. Let no guilty parties escape.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

NOTICE.

July 21st, 1900.

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co.

Our subscribers will please note by their contracts the clause in reference to the pay for service.

We do not present a bill until it is due.

When our collector calls please pay your bills.

Should he by chance miss you, call up No. 100, let the manager know it and the collector will call on you again.

Those of you who will be kind enough to pay at the office will receive the grateful thanks of more than one employe.

All bills that are not paid by the 15th of each month, when due, need not ask the operator "what is the trouble with my 'phone?" unless they expect to get the answer "your bill is not paid."

We need all of the time we can spare in order to devote it to perfecting your service.

Yours truly,
JOHN BRAGG, Manager.
Office over the National Bank of Wilmington.

TORRID WEATHER.

Yesterday Was the Hottest and Most Oppressive Day of the Year.

THERMOMETER WAS UP TO 97.

Question With the People Was "How Shall We Keep Cool?"--Other Cities Are, However, Faring Worse Than Wilmington.

Yesterday was without a doubt the warmest and most oppressive day of the year.

The thermometer way up in the postoffice tower, where Uncle Sam's official observations are made by Observer Felger, indicated 97 degrees as the maximum temperature, but sweltering individuals groping their way along the streets say that upon their level, with the ocean breezes shut off by tall buildings, themselves warm enough to put Hades to shame, a truthful thermometer would have registered fully 100. At the beaches there was also no breeze, and those who hied themselves hither to escape the torrid weather soon found their way back to the city. Night brought some relief, but not enough to satisfy. There were, however, no casualties of consequence.

A number of negro stevedores loading crossties aboard the schooner *Sarah D. Fell* were overcome with heat and had to quit work, but in no other instance did the heat prove more than a profanity-provoking condition, anathematized by everybody except possibly the undertaker and Chinese laundrymen.

Tuesday was considered a "warm number," but it was only a forerunner of the hot wave which reached here yesterday and which struck Chicago and other places during the earlier part of the week and which came directly to Wilmington down the Atlantic Coast. Maximum temperature on Tuesday at other places was as follows: Baltimore, 100; Charlotte, 96; Norfolk, 96; Philadelphia, 98; Washington, 98; Wilmington, 93.

The indications for to-day are fair with variable winds.

In the Criminal Court room yesterday the heat was intense and jurors, who were expected to sit up straight and bear a dignity worthy of our great commonwealth, must have suffered intensely. Judge Moore was kind to all court attendants, however, and they were allowed to divest themselves of their coats when it became conducive to their personal comfort. It was a graceful thoughtfulness of the Judge and was greatly appreciated.

Street cars were liberally patronized during the day and in the evening, and the trips on the steamer *Wilmington* proved abundantly pleasurable.

— Hon. George M. Rose, of Fayetteville, was an arrival at The Orton yesterday.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. E. Hinnant, No. 6 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.

FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT, WHERE MEALS ARE SERVED AT ALL HOURS, AND AT MODERATE PRICES. FREE SOUP FROM ELEVEN A. M. TO ONE P. M.
je 30 tf

FOR RENT.

Desirable store on Market St.

near Front street. Possession either at once or on October 1st.

FOR SALE.

Nice House and large Lot on Grace street between Fourth and Fifth.
A large Lot on Market street.
Several small houses.

W. M. CUMMING,
Real Estate & Notary Public.
jy 18 tf ex sr

You Don't Know what you have missed

By not trying one of Warren's 25c or 50c Pound Cakes.
ALWAYS FRESH.

WARREN'S
Steam Bakery and Cafe,
jy 11 tf No. 22 North Front street.

SPRING HINTS.

Fine Fat Mackerel—White No. 1.
Illinois Butter for cooking, 15c lb.
A small shipment of Tyrer Dairy Butter.
"Fox River Clover Hill" Butter, that means the best.
I can save you money on Meat bought right.

A heavy wagon horse for sale.

Ginger Preserves at 15c lb make your mouth water.
Grape Nuts. Postal Cereal.

THE Unlucky Corner. | Both 'Phones No. 109. | CALL S. W. SANDERS.
Agent for Tate Epsom Springs.
my 18 tf

BAGGING AND TIES.

1000 Rolls 2 pound Bagging.
1100 Bundles Arrow Ties.
280 Bags Shot---en route,
640 Bags 100 Salt.
318 Bags 110 Salt.
480 Bags 180 Salt.
120 Bags Table Salt.
600 Kegs Nails.
60 Cases Leaven Powders.
110 Cases P. & M. Powder.
120 Pockets Rice.
46 Barrels Rice.
ASK PRICES PLEASE.

W. B. COOPER,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency

Offers best facilities for handling Desirable Real Estate. Special attension to City Property, Timbered Lands and desirable Farms. We have arrangements for the sale of a few large tracts of Land for farming purposes, consisting of from 3,000 to 5,000 acres. This property is wanted on a railroad. Send us a list of the property you have for sale.
For terms, &c., address
apr 22 tf B. G. GRADY & CO., Burgaw, N. C.

-:-NEW MULLETS.-:-

25 Barrels New Catch Mullets.
800 Bolls Bagging.
1,500 Bundles Ties.
20 Bales Sugar Bags.
5,000 Bushels Texas R. P. Oats.
2,000 Bushels Mixed Oats.
500 Bushels Va Water Ground Meal.
—ALSO—
Spirit Barrels, Hoop Iron, and car-loads of other goods.
GET OUR PRICES.
D. L. GORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
au 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Peaches,
Peaches,
Peaches.

A big stock that I am selling AT LOW PRICES.

For Fruit and Confections call on

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
204 Princess street,
au 4 tf Inter-State 'Phone 138.

WILMINGTON SEA COAST R. R.

On and after June 14, 1900, the schedule will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
6.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday on account of Club House dances the last train will leave the Beach at 11 P. M. instead of 10.00.
Freight will be carried only on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains except fresh meats, ice and vegetables, which will be taken on the 6.30 train. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and FREIGHT PREPAID. Freight must be received at our depot 15 minutes before leaving time of train. No exceptions will be made to these rules.
jy 10 tf R. O. GRANT, Supt.

Everything in Hardware
at WHOLESALE or RETAIL
May be found at
J. W. Murchison & Co's,
ORTON BUILDING.

Seasonable Specialties in
Ice Cream Freezers,
Refrigerators,
Water Coolers, etc.

Take No Other . . .
"Cuban Blossom,"
"Renown,"
"Topical Twist"
CIGARS.
Can't Be Approached.
Sold everywhere.

Vollers & Hashagen,
Sole Sales Agents.
au 5 tf

AGENTS FOR
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
BEST IN THE WORLD.

We will get by Tuesday's steamer

A nice, fresh lot of this famous Shoe for Men and Boys. A new lot of the Dutzenhofer's for Ladies' wear just in. See them! and you will buy them! and that means a customer made. As the Summer is well advanced, and having bought a large stock of all kinds of Summer footwear early in the season.

We are making a push on these lines now.

We have special "drives" in other kinds also. You are cordially invited and requested to call and examine these, as well as our whole stock, before buying elsewhere.

Respectfully,
Mercer & Evans.
jy 22 tf

BRING YOUR WIFE AROUND

to see our superior line of food supplies. Everything here is so choice that it's a first choice easily. That's the verdict of every customer on sight. The more housekeepers know about our figures the better they like them. We do business on the quick selling plan. This means goods always fresh and prices short.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
JOHN T. SHOLAR, Manager.
Both 'Phones 287. Fourth Street Bridge.
au 7 tf

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK, OF WILMINGTON.

Capital,	$200,000.00
Surplus,	28,000.00
Stock Liability,	200,000.00
	$428,000.00

We offer to depositors the above security, and to customers wanting to borrow we are prepared to extend all the credit their business and standing warrant.
Foreign Exchange bought and sold, or anything else in the banking way.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 25 tf

THE LONG AND SHORT OF IT.

These are the days of long hours for everybody and short prices for us. Time which, like tide and taxes, waits for nobody, is hustling us toward that delightful period called Fall Trade. We begin now to get ready for it.

All Summer Goods in our house must go Regardless of Cost. A few of them:

15 and 25c Colored Lawns, beautiful patterns, only	10c	25c Fancy Belt Buckles	10c
35c White Pique only	23c	50c Ladies' Pulley Belts for	39c
5c Checked Nainsook	4c	Beauty Pins for	5c
50c Ladies' Sailors, all styles and colors, for	39c	98c White Linen Shirt Waists	69c
Rough Straw Sailors worth 50c, now	35c	50c Percale Shirt Waists	39c
25c Ladies' Gauze Vests	18c	Men's 75c Silk Bosom Shirts	43c
Ladies' long sleeve Gauze Vests worth 25c for	10c	50c English Square Ties in black and colors, latest style, for	39c
Ladies' Chain Belts	23c	$5.00 Crash Suits for	$1.50
		Men's 50c Tennis Oxfords in tan and black, for	35c

The prettiest line of Infants' Soft Sole Shoes ever shown in the city, . . . 15, 25, 39 and 48c

J. H. REHDER & CO. BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.
Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 'Phone 218.
jy 29 tf

This way this week
FOR BARGAINS IN
SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

Millinery, Hammocks, Porch Screens, Mosquito Canopies, Slippers, Low Shoes, Men's Straw Hats and Soft Bosom Shirts,

EVERYTHING HAS BEEN **Reduced** IN PRICE,

as well as the Pops have been reduced in power. You would be surprised at the low prices goods can be sold at. CALL EARLY

AT GAYLORD'S BRANCH STORE,
Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets.
J. H. BOYD, Manager. Bell 'Phone 557.
au 5 tf Open every night until 9 o'clock.

A BIG REDUCTION IN SUITS TO ORDER

this week, as we leave for the Northern market in a few days to purchase our stock of Fall goods. Come in and look our stock over, as we have lots of handsome patterns and can please you.

Negligee Shirts, Collars and Cuffs. Handkerchiefs, Half Hose and Neckwear in all the latest fads.

M. H. CURRAN,
au 5 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

Mid-Summer Wearables Are In Demand.

Where to find such goods at prices to suit your purse is first to be considered.

A. D. BROWN
For this week makes
A SPECIAL OFFERING

of Figured French Organdies and Colored Piques. The original price of the Organdies was 35c; we offer them at 15c a yard. Colored Piques, 20c; now 12½c a yard.
25c Lawns for 15c. 15c Figured Organdies for 10c a yard.

White Goods.

The largest line of these goods in the city, consisting of French and English Nainsooks, Persian Lawns, Dimmities, India Linen, Victoria Lawn, Linen Lawn, Checked Nainsooks, Organdies and Piques.

Shade Department.

The latest, "Whitmore's Shade Bracket." The most convenient Bracket ever invented. Call and see how 'tis worked.
SOLE AGENT for "Her Majesty," "American Lady" and "Dowager" Corsets; also, Butterick's Patterns.
We carry the largest line of Mattings and Rugs in the city.

A. D. BROWN.
jy 1 tf

COUNTER-CLEARING MARK DOWN.
Men's Serge Suits that were $10.00 will be sold for $7.00
while they last. All sizes in stock now. Call early and get "Your Money's Worth."

TRADE MARK **Monarch** Shirts continue to be sold at a reduction.

$1.00 Suit Underwear for 85c.

New Leather Belts,
New Wash Ties,
The "Van Dyke" Scarf.
Four-In-Hands and Bat Wings.

Bell 'Phone 565. **A. SHRIER, Men's Wear,** 34 S. E. cor. Front & Princess.
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1900 AUGUST 1900						
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
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MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	3	11:45 a.m.	Third Quarter	17	6:46 a.m.
Full Moon	10	4:30 p.m.	New Moon	24	10:52 p.m.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President:

WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.

For Vice-President:

ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.

HOW REPUBLICANS IN WASHINGTON TAKE IT.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* has a letter under date of the 5th inst., interestingly discussing the sentiments of Republicans in Washington on the negro suffrage question. Privately they approve of disfranchising the negroes, while publicly as partisans, and for partisan purposes, they condemn it and may make much clatter over it, as some of their party organs are now doing over the result in this State. As showing these individual feelings towards the negro we quote the following extract:

One constantly hears its leading representative men admit. "We would be very sure to do the same thing under the same circumstances." Of course this is not said for publication and these gentlemen would be very quick to disclaim any such expressions if invested with their personal authority. They have no heistation in making such utterances under the protection of private conversation.

It may surprise the country at large to be informed, what is so well known in Washington, that there are no men anywhere who have at heart such a contempt for and antipathy toward the negro as the Republican officials, high and low. This is carried to such an extent that not a few of them in both branches of Congress and in the executive departments will not employ them in their households.

"An evening or two since while sitting in conversation with a group composed, with the exception of myself, of officials entirely, an army officer remarked: "I wish we could have some of the North Carolina methods here," and a grunt of assent went all around the circle. This feeling toward the negro in this community is not because of his illiteracy, for Congress has provided the most lavish means of educatien, going indeed to a verge of absurdity. It is because education and civil equality have failed to produce the improvement which was anticipated. Ask any observer who comes from the North to Washington "Who do you think are the best classes of negroes?" and the instant reply will be "Those who came down from slave time."

Feeling as they do personally about the negro they may still and probably will for party purposes resort to some retaliatory measures and possibly make an effort to reduce the representation in Congress and in the electoral college from those States where suffrage is restricted, but when they do that they will be confronted by some obstacles that may give them a good deal of trouble to remove or surmount, some of which are set forth in the following extract:

"Who set the example of disfranchising the negro but the Republican Congress? In a very few years after conferring the suffrage the Republican party in Congress at one blow wiped the negro from the body politic of the capital of the coutry. Why was this done? Because the negro had shown himself to be unworthy of and unfitted for the exercise of the privilege. To disfranchise the negro in the District of Columbia, which was right, Congress also disfranchised the white man, which was wrong. The white man in Washington had from the foundation of the city enjoyed, in common with his fellow-countrymen, the privilege of the elective franchise. He had exercised that privilege intelligently and honestly, and until the 'wards of the nation' were thrown in one mass into local politics no scandal, no taint of corruption had ever attached to the municipal governments of Washington and Georgetown. As it is, the white man is content to be deprived of what was his by right and inheritance rather than return to the era of vice, villainy, depravity and dishonesty which characterized and which marked equal and impartial suffrage.

"When the subject of negro disfranchisement comes up in Congress this feature of local disfranchisement will necessarily enter into discussion and consideration. It is an embarrassing question, but it must be met. If the illiterate negroes of the South should vote, why should not the educated negroes of the District of Columbia? There is probably not one young negro desperado in ten in this city not able to read and write. Some of them, through the prodigal generosity of Congress, may know music and bookkeeping and all that sort of thing. Nevertheless they are not good citizens and the substance and intelligence of the District would rise up in indignant remonstrance against any proposition to give them access to the ballot box.

They not only disfranchised the negroes, but they disfranchised the white citizens of the district to get rid of the negro vote, not simply the ignorant vote, but the vote of all negroes. They wiped out the whole business. They did it to protect the district from the negro. With what consistency, then, can they condemn the Southern States for endeavoring to protect themselves from the ignorant, venal and vicious elements of that race?

But if a movement for retaliatory measure should be instituted there will be lack of agreement, as there is a difference of sentiment among Republicans as to what is the best course to pursue. This difference of sentiment is stated in the following extract:

"Many of the deep-thinking and far-seeing men of the Republican party, while they may be driven by party pressure and discipline into the support of repressive and retaliatory measures toward the Southern States, which are eliminating the negro from politics, are inclined to resort to other courses for maintaining and enlarging party supremacy. These are beginning to doubt the efficacy and the expediency of force bills and reduction of representation.

"For years past it has been the talk among the politicians of both parties that the fear of negro domination once and forever removed from the minds of the people of the South, the States of that section would split up on party divisions, just as do all the other States of the Union. This, whether true or not, is certainly most plausible, and the idea has found a deep lodgment. Through motives of policy no Republican in Congress would be apt to publicly allege such a reason for influencing his action, yet this consideration is bound to have more or less effect.

"If the white vote of North and South Carolina, Louisiana and Mississippi, no longer drawn together by common interest and common fear, should disintegrate and the Republicans pick up some of them, they would not think they had done a smart thing if they had cut down their electoral and Congressional represention. Figuratively they have been kicking against themselves very hard for the last twenty-five years because of the negro suffrage for which they are responsible. Fervid eloquence and crocodile tears will be expended without stint in the old cry of human rights and human wrongs. This is and always has been nothing but rot."

The whole course of the Republican party, in emancipating and afterwards enfranchising the negro, was one not only of arrant hypocrisy but of absolute criminalty, for the men who did it never seriously contended that they had any right to do it and when they did it they knew they were breeding race strife that would bring untold trouble to the South and injury incalculable to both the white and the black man, and they knew, too, that in the conflict of the races the fittest would survive and the weakest go down. The correspondent thus shows this hypocrisy, and how easily the Republican party, this boasted party of principle, shuffles off its principles when they cease to serve its purposes:

"The Republican party was not actuated by one atom of sentiment, by one iota of the principles of right and justice when it through arbitrary force and power established negro suffrage. There is no politician worthy of the name anywhere who does not know the deadly blight and curse of negro suffrage was fastened upon the South for no other purpose than to benefit the Republican party. The purpose failed in its object. The whole history of the Republican party is proof that it cheerfully surrenders any of its cherished 'principles' or doctrines the very instant they are found not conducive to party advantage.

"The Republican party originated the greenback heresy, clung to it until it had been worked for all it was worth and then threw it overboard for the foolish leaders of the Democracy to pick up. The Republican party was the father of the unlimited coinage of silver. When its offspring was af no further seervice it was also tossed to the selfsame foolish leaders of the Democracy. So it is with the unrestricted negro suffrage. Conceived and born with no desire more noble than the increase of Republican votes and power, there would not be the slightest compunction in acquiescing in or, indeed, hastening its lingering death if the conviction should come that it will continue useless as a party adjunct.

The writer of this letter is a gold Democrat who supported McKinley, which will sufficiently account for his sneering allusions to the greenbacks and to free silver. But he has shown up some of the perplexities of the Republicans if they should tackle the negro auffrage question, and has sized up the Republican party in it's relation to the negro about right.

A BAD MESS.

Whatever view be taken of it the allied powers have made a bad mess of the Chinese imbroglio, beginning with the firing upon the Taku Forts, which was practically a declaration of war against China, before they knew the fact, if it be known now, that the Chinese Government was encouraging the Boxers. Admiral Kempff showed a level head when he refused to participate in the bombardment and capture of those forts. With the capture of the forts, which was a practical declaration of war, the movement on Tien Tsin became a necessity, for that was the way to Pekin.

If the Chinese had been a weak power, there might have been good policy in the capture of the forts, for that might have caused a scare and brought them to terms, but they were not a weak people, but had large and well equipped armies in the field, and among them some hard fighters. But even then there was no understanding among the allies, and no concert of action, each one apparently acting for itself and each having some ulterior object in view which prevented them from acting in concert.

Even now since the march on Pekin has begun there are said to be misunderstandings and suspicions among the allies, which prevent unity of action, while they have to move against a wily foe who has the advantage of immense numbers of men inspired by hate of foreigners and religious fanaticism, and who will resort to the most desperate expedients to obstruct the march of the allies on Pekin, an illustration which is shown in the cutting of the dikes to flood the country through which the allies have to march. The march has begun, there has been some hard fighting, but the end has not been reached yet.

THEY WOULD LIKE IT, TOO.

Elsewhere we publish an article showing the feeling of Republicans in Washington on the negro suffrage question. But that feeling is not confined to Republicans in Washington but exists to a great extent throughout the country. Speaking for New York the *Evening Post*, politically an independent paper, says:

"Nine men out of ten of the educated classes, when asked privately what they think of negro disfranchisement, will say that they wish the franchise could be restricted to the North also, and that voting could be limited by property and educational tests. While this feeling pervades the influential classes of the North, it is needless to say that the South has nothing to fear from outside interference with her constitutional amendments, her 'grand-father clauses,' her tissue ballots or her falsities of any kind at the polls."

There are several Northern States which have qualified suffrage, some educational, some property and some both, and some tax-paying pre-requisites to voting. There are no laws aiming especially at negroes for the reason that while there are a good many negroes in some of the Northern States they are not sufficiently numerous to cause any special alarm. If they were there would have been steps taken long ago to eliminate them, as was done in the District of Columbia when they became an imperilling factor there. Notwithstanding the clatter of the partisan organs the people of the North, with but few, if any, exceptions, approve of qualified suffrage in the South, even when it eliminates the negro and lets every white man in. They put themselves in our places and judge us by what they would do under similar circumstances.

DISTURBED OVER ROOSEVELT.

It is said that the Republican leaders, especially Mark Hanna and Mr. McKinley, are very much worried over the style of speeches that "Rough Rider" Roosevelt is making, which are driving away votes that will be very much needed by McKinley. They are working for the support of the gold Democrats, whose votes helped if they didn't elect McKinley in 1896, and Roosevelt is doing all he can by his asinine uttterances to drive these votes away from McKinley. The following, taken from his speech before the Republican clubs at St. Paul some time ago, is a sample of the sort of offensive rot he spews out. Speaking of Democrats he said: "They stand for lawlessness and disorder, for dishonesty and dishonor, for license and disaster at home and cowardly shrinking from duty abroad."

This is simply the raving of a lunatic at large, and is not only a malicious arraignment of 6,500,000 Democrats who supported Bryan in 1896 but the more than 6,500,000 who support him now. It is an arraignment not only of these but of thousands of Republicans and nonpartisans who are opposed to the McKinley policy of forcible expansion, and in addition to that it is a gross reflection upon the country which has so many of that kind of people in it. No wonder the Republican leaders are becoming worried with this kind of performances, and no wonder that some of the Republican organs are calling upon Hanna to send Teddy out to Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona where cowboy oratory might be less offensive.

There is always somebody to throw cold water on pet schemes. It was no sooner announced that the Department of Agriculture at Washington was going to start a dragon fly ranch, to breed this mosquito devourer, and turn him loose to devour mosquitos, than the cold water man came along and advised the department to go slow, for in propagating the mosquito devourer it might also be propagating a bee exterminator, as the d. f. is about as fond of bees as mosquitoes. Aside from the sweetness imperilled, the honey crop is annually worth about $20,000,000.

A Life and Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death, says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in Consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost $5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50c and $1.00; Trial bottles 10c at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

BOOK NOTICES.

The Smart Set for August leads off with an entertaining story entitled "The Master Chivalry," followed by an assorted and interesting list of contents, which the reader will enjoy. Published by the Essess Publishing Company, New York.

The National Geographic Magazine for August contains among other interesting papers several valuable ones on China and the Chinese problem which give a good deal of information about that Empire and its people. Published by The National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.

The August number of *The Sanitarian* presents a full list of contents on topics interesting to the physician and others who read medical and sanitary subjects. One of the articles which will command attention is entitled "What the World Owes to Vaccination," by Dr. J. F. Marchand, Health officer, Canton, Ohio. Address A. N. Bell, M. D., Editor, 337 Clinton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— The removal of Marion Butler from public life will be one of the results of the constitutional amendment in North Carolina, and by no means the least beneficial to people.—*Chattanooga Times, Ind,*

— Senator Hoar will have to hold joint debates with himself while stumping Massachusetts. The Democrats will confront him at every stage of his canvass with extracts from his speeches in the Senate attacking the Philippine policy of the Adminstration.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

— There is quite a cackle because John Bull is borrowing $50,000,000 from this conntry. If John Bull were to send over his thousands of millions of American bonds for redemption, the cacke would turn to lament and penic.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

— The time has come when to stop petty quibbling and diplomatic fictions and face the situation honestly. If the President feels that he cannot now withdraw from the entaglement he is in, and that the country must go to war, (with China,) let him summon the war-making power of the government and have it take the responsibility of the decision.—*Philadelphia Times, Ind.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The cotton crop in this section was never better. The plant is small, but it is heavily fruited from top to bottom. If the fall is a late one the yield per acre will be as large as has ever been known. Very little, if any, injury seems to have been done cotton by the drought.

— Salisbury *Truth-Index*: Mr. Solomon Teague, an aged and highly respected citizen of Mt. Vernon, this county, dropped dead Saturday morning. Mr. Teague was taking a horse to pasture and had just entered the pasture when he fell over dead. His death was due to heart disease.

— Washington *Gazette-Messenger*: A gentleman from Hyde tells us the drought still continues in that county, and none of the recent rains have reached them; that it has been eight weeks now since any rain of consequence fell, and that more forests fires have occurred and done more damage than in years.

— Greensboro *Record*: A colored man named Judd Gantt, living near Brown Summit, has solved the race problem so far as he is concerned. He is a farmer, and, in addition to raising his supply of meat and bread, he sold his last year's crop of tobacco in this city a few days ago for the neat sum of $500 in round numbers. The Constitutional Amendment need have no particular fears in it for a negro like that.

— Concord *Tribune*: Five very enthusiastic colored voters in south Iredell were on their way to Mooresville to vote Thursday when a spider bit one on the finger, then there was four. The four thinking their companion was good for another precinct weeping and gnashing their teeth, took him home to die among his people. Afterwards two decided that Adams needed all he could get and they, turning ran all the way to Mooresville. Only one however reached the desired spot in time to vote. Thus one spider spoiled four anti-amendment votes, and did no damage to the negro except scare him out of his life and vote.

TWINKLINGS.

— At Times—A—Your wife dresses plainly, doesn't she? B—Well, I've seen her considerably ruffled.—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— Grammatical Form: "Will you love me then as now?" "You evidently think my love for you is in tense!"—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— "Some men," remarked Uncle Eben, "has jes' enough activity in 'em to keep 'em f'um bein' any good foh hitchin'-posts."—*Washington Star.*

— Music is sometimes divided into two classes, sacred and profane. For particulars as to profane music, go to a sacred concert."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Farewell: Great Actor—"I propose making a farewell tour of the province. What play would you advise?" Critic—"Much Adieu About Nothing."—*Detroit Journal.*

— Up to Date—"I suppose your business is increasing daily?" remarked a lost soul to Charon. "Oh, dear no!" laughed the ferryman; "most people prefer the bridge cars."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— A Chicago woman is reported to have fallen eight stories without sustaining any serious injuries. It is suspected that somebody in Chicago has added a story to the building.—*Boston Transcript.*

— Few of Them Mean Anything: He looked at the picture and laughed loudly. "That's good," he said. "But what does it mean?" she asked. "Mean? Why, it doesn't mean anything," he replied. "It's just a political cartoon."—*Chicago Post.*

— Mr. Flyhigh—Of course, you are well acquainted with the country round about here. Do you know Glen Accron? Native—Aye, weel. Mr. Flyhigh (who has just bought the estate)—What sort of a place is it, in your opinion? Native—Well, if ye saw the de'il tethered on't, ye'd just say, 'Puir brute.' "—*Glasgow Evening Times.*

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N.C. †

HIS $1,000 WOULD BUY NOTHING.

So the Hobo Hunted Up the True Owner and Won Fame.

"I've slept under a shed with the thermometer 'way below zero," said the tramp, "and I've gone two long days with nothing to eat, but I'm telling you straight that when I once had $1,000 in my pocket I was worse off than at any other time I can remember. I had just been let out of the Bridewell, in Chicago, and was begging on the streets and being turned down on every hand, when I picked up a $1,000 bill on the sidewalk. I thought it was a dollar, and you bet I made a hustle to get down a side street. When I dodged into a doorway, and made out that I was $1,000 ahead of the game, the sweat started from every pore and my knees knocked together. I was regularly seasick for ten minutes, and my heart thumped away until I thought it would break out.

"That $1,000 meant a heap for me, you understand, but I was so excited that it was two hours before I could do any planning. The first thing was to buy a new suit of clothes, and I entered a store and picked them out. When I exhibited that $1,000 bill, the clothier ran to the door to call a policeman. I got away by a close squeeze, and then I realized the situation. Tramp that I was, I couldn't get it changed at a bank nor use it to make me more comfortable. If it had been a ten, I could have had lodgings and a bed, but I'm telling you that I walked the streets as hungry as a shark and slept at police stations and in lumber yards.

"Under the circumstances the bill might as well have been a piece of brown paper. I tried all sorts of dodges to get it busted, but it was no go. Every time I showed it I ran the risk of arrest. I offered a butcher $100 to get it changed, but he refused to have anything to do with it. I'd have sold it for half price and been glad to, but there was no such thing as making a deal. Finally, in despair, I went to one of the newspaper offices and looked up the advertisements for the week past. The loser had advertised, and I went to his office in a big building and gave up the bill. The reward was $50, but he counted out $10 on top of that and said:

"'I wouldn't have believed there was such honesty in the world. You could have kept the bill as well as not.'

"He took down my name and all that and gave the affair away to the reporters. They wrote me up as the 'Honest Tramp' and had my picture in the papers, but you may guess I didn't enjoy it over much. I had $60 in place of $1,000, and as for my honesty, it was all bosh. I returned the bill because I had to, and though I'm hungry and dead broke and don't know where to turn in for the night I'm not looking for any more big finds. Something with a figure '2' on the corner will just about fit my vest pocket."—Boston Herald.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	8½	9
Standard		9½
Burlaps	6	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	12	14
Sides ℔ ℔		8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		8
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	7½	7¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		8
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each		1 45
Second-hand machine		1 50
New New York, each		1 45
New City, each		1 45
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		25
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 75	7 00
Northern	9 00	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	20	25
Northern	25	30
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	57½	58
Virginia Meal	59	60
COTTON TIES ℔ bundle	1 40	1 45
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18	25
Adamantine	8	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	12	13
Dairy Cream	13½	14
State	11½	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	13	16
Rio	11	12
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	12
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	7 00	7 75
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	10
" Extra	4 25	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade	3 25	3 50
Choice		4 00
Straight	4 10	4 40
First Patent	4 60	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	10½	11½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	63	64
Car-load, in bgs—White	59	60
Oats, from store	38	40
Oats, Rust Proof	38	44
Cow Peas	80	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green salted		6½
Dry flint	10	13½
Dry salt		9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s		
No 1 Timothy		1 00
Rice Straw	40	50
Eastern	90	1 00
Western	90	1 00
North River		90
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	3½	3½
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	7½	8¾
North Carolina	8	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in barrehead		35
Barbadoes, in barrels		28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	32½
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		2 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess		13 50
Rump		14 50
Prime		13 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		1 35
Liverpool	90	95
American	85	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks		60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	6 50
Common	1 50	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	2 75
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		6¾
Standard A		6¼
White Extra C		6¼
Extra C, Golden		6¼
C Yellow		18½
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	9 00
Common mill	4 00	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	6 00
Prime mill	6 50	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	9 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	4 25	5 00
" Sap	3 00	3 25
5x20 Heart	2 25	2 50
" Sap	1 50	1 75
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	2 10

"THE 'SALT' OF SALTS."

That Troublesome Thirst.

Thirst is constant these warm days. It seems impossible to quench it.

Ordinary drinks seems to aggravate rather than satisfy. Too much liquid is bad for the stomach and general health.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

makes a cooling, refreshing, healthful beverage. Take a teaspoonful in a tumbler of water two or three times a day and you will not be worried by thirst or heat. It is the most healthful and palatable beverage you can use during warm weather.

Abbey's Salt is Nature's remedy for eliminating impurities from the blood and thoroughly cleansing the system. It is made from the juices extracted from pure fresh fruits. It prevents and cures Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Flatulency, Kidney and Liver complaints or any ills caused by impure blood or a constipated condition.

Sold by most druggists, or sent by mail.

25c., 50c. and $1 per bottle.

The Abbey Effervescent Salt Co., 9-15 Murray St., N. Y.

Booklet free on request.

DR. N. B. SIZER, New York, states: "I am glad to say I find Abbey's Effervescent Salt an excellent laxative and antacid. It gives good results in various forms of Dyspepsia and in constipation. I have often thought the effervescent salines were not half so well known and used, in this country, as they ought to be."

DR. EDWIN R. SEDFORD, Brooklyn, N. Y., states: "I have used Abbey's Salt in cases of Chronic indigestion with a tendency to Rheumatism, Biliousness, etc., with perfect satisfaction."

DR. J. H. RUSSEL, New York, states: "Abbey's Salt is an ideal preparation, in that it combines laxative and aperient properties in a grateful form and is at the same time palatable. My wife finds it particularly efficacious in Headache, by its gentle action, and the relief thus obtained from congestion."

Wilmington, N. C. For sale by Robt. R. Bellamy, N. W. corner Front and Markes streets.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 39 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 38 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel for strained and $1.25 for good strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market dull at $1.40 per barrel for hard, $2.40 for dip, and —— for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 47@46½c; rosin firm at 90@95c; tar firm at $1.60; crude turpentine firm at $1.35, 2.10@2.20.

Spirits turpentine	214
Rosin	659
Tar	132
Crude turpentine	99

Receipts same day last year.—85 casks spirits turpentine, 106 bbls. rosin, 74 bbls tar, 47 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Nothing doing.

Same day last year middling steady at 5¾c.

Receipts—00 bales; same day last year, 00 bales.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½@80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.

CORN—Firm; 53 to 60 cents per ushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 85c; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 8½c; sides, 10c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $3.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to $10.00 per M.

LOCAL SECURITIES.

Quotations on local securities, furnished and regularly corrected by Hugh MacRae & Co.:

STOCKS.

	BID.	ASKED.
A. C. L. of Conn., 5 per ct. Certs	110¼	111¼
A. C. L. of Conn., stock	221	224
A. C. L. Common	73	76
A. C. L. preferred	103¼	104
W. & W. 7 per ct Certs	144½	147
N. C. R. R.	160	165
Delgado Mills	100	103¾
Wilmington Cotton Mills, pfd	110	115
Wilmington Gas Light Co	70	75
Carolina Insurance Co	105	107
Underwriters' Insurance Co	105	107
National Bank of Wilmington	130	...
Atlantic National Bank	205	...
Murchison National Bank	110	114
Wil. Savings & Trust Co	230	...
Blue Ridge National Bank	112	116
Warren Manufacting Co., preferred	100¾	102
Abbeville Cotton Mills	98	100
Southern Cotton Mills	93	98
Piedmont Manufacturing Co	130	185
Pacolet Manufacturing Co	265	275
F. W. Poe Manufacturing Co (old)	117	119½
Anderson Cotton Mills	123	130
Pelzer Manufacturing Co	185½	190
Gaffney Manufacturing Co	122	125
Clifton Cotton Mills	101	103
Clifton Manufacturing Co	185	193
Orr Manufacturing Co	104	106
Odell Manufacturing Co	113	116
McColl Manufacturing Co	133	136
Darlington Manufacturing Co	97	100
Bennettsville Manufacturing Co	11	115

BONDS.

N. C. 4's	105¾	106½
N. C. 6's	133	136½
City Wilm. 5's, gold, 1922	110	112
City Wilm. 5's, 1919	100	...
City Wilm. 6's	100	...
Wilmington, gold 4's	99	101
Masonic Temple 1st 6's	106	...
Masonic Temple 2d 6's		100½
Wilmington Compress Co.'s 8's	88	...
A. C. L. 4's, certs	97	99
Wilmington & Weldon 5's	115½	117
Wilmington & Newbern 4's	101	103¼
N. H. County 5's, gold	100	103

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Money on call steady at 1@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼ for demand and 484¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 486@485¼ and 489. Commercial bills 483@483¾. Silver certificates 61@62¾. Bar silver 60¾. Mexican dollars 48¼. Government bonds weak. State bonds easy. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 103¾; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 103½; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 100; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 109; do. coupon, 109; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 132¼; do. coupon, 133¼; U. S. old 4's, reg'd, 114¾; do. coupon, 114¾; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 112¾; do. coupon, 113¾; Southern Railway 5's 108¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 74½c; Chesapeake & Ohio 27½c; Manhattan L 89¾; N. Y. Central 128½; Reading 16¾; do. 1st pref'd 58½; St. Paul 111½; do. pref'd 170; Southern Railway 10¾; do. pref'd 52½; American Tobacco, 93½; do. pref'd 128; People's Gas 98½; Sugar 131½; do. pref'd 116; T. C. & Iron 69¾; U. S. Leather 10¼; do. preferred 68¼; Western Union 79¼.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine quiet.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 8.—Spirits turpentine nominal; nothing doing. Rosin firm; sales — casks. Quotations unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 39½c; sales 300 casks; receipts 1,515 casks; exports 282 casks. Rosin firm; sales 871 barrels; receipts 3,329 barrels; exports 321 barrels. Quotations 5c up.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 8.—The cotton market showed considerable irregularity and excitement all day with speculation heavy. The opening call was favorably influenced by local, Southern and foreign buying orders, which caused an advance of one to five points. Public speculative interest on the bull side was not satisfactory, however, and the local bear raid soon disposed of the early movement. Later urgent foreign and Southern demand made its appearance and values soon worked their way up to a level, ten and fifteen points above the closing of the previous day's figures. A rather firmer general sentiment became apparent. The basis for the change was a degree of conflict in the crop accounts. The bull contingent also had the advantage of small new crop receipts. At all points they fell below the recent full average. During the afternoon the feature of the trading was furnished by the shorts, who lost no opportunity to cover. There was no rush of new speculative buying, however. Some of the traders here, basing their views on private cables, predicted a bullish Liver pool opening to-morrow following a reconsideration of yesterday's weekly crop report from Washington. The government report, due next Friday, was also feared, and as the market has thus sustained a considerable decline conservative shorts preferred to place themselves in a position for an unprejudiced view of the situation upon the appearance of the bureau report for August, one of the most important statements of the season. The market closed very steady at a net rise of nine to thirteen points.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 9 13-16c.

Cotton futures closed very steady: August 8.81, September 8.37, October 8.27, November 8.17, December 8.14, January 8.14, February 8.16, March 8.18, April 8.21, May 8.23, June 8.25.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 9 13-16c; middling gulf 10 1 16; sales 3,417 bales.

Net receipts 35 bales; gross receipts 564 bales; stock 25,989 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 1,355 bales; exports to Great Britain 365; stock 94,916 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 1,355 bales; exports to Great Britain 16,093 bales; exports to the Continent 11,259 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,492,330 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,315,454 bales; exports to France 699,876 bales; exports to the Continent 2,699,128 bales.

Aug. 8.—Galveston, quiet at 8¾c, net receipts 41 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 9¼c, net receipts 12 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9 11-16, net receipts —bales; Boston, quiet at 9 11-16c, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, nothing doing, net receipts - bales; Philadelphia, firm at 10 1-16c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, nominal at 9¾c, net receipts 67 bales; New Orleans, firm at 9¾c, net receipts 2 bales; Mobile, nothing doing, net receipts —bales; Memphis, dull at 9¼c, net receipts 80 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9¾c, net receipts 39 bales; Charleston, quiet at 9¼c, net receipts 1 bale.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Flour was again neglected and barely steady, without quotable change. Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red 79¾c. Options opened easy through the influence of unexpectedly weak English cables. Afterwards sold off still further as a result of liquidation, small seaboard clearances and large new wheat arrivals in the Northwest, closed 1@1¼c net lower; March closed 85¾c; September closed 80¾c; December 82¾c Corn—Spot weak; No. 2 44¾c; options op

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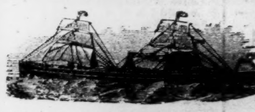

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FARM AND GARDEN

POTATO TROUBLES.

Beetles, Tip Burn and Their Remedies—Benefits of Irrigation.

Colorado potato beetles are especially active before the plants come into blossom. They are destroyed by arsenical poisons (paris green, etc.). The insects are so numerous and omnipresent that some damage is practically unavoidable, but since their attacks largely precede the critical period in the development of the potato, the plant recovers rapidly and the damage to the crop is small, providing timely use is

POTATO LEAF EATEN BY FLEA BEETLES.

made of the arsenites. Halsted has found that the bordeaux mixture alone may more effectively protect plants against this beetle than does the poisoning with paris green. This is of course attributable to its action as a deterrent. The bordeaux paris green mixture is more effective than is paris green alone.

Flea beetles frequently cause more loss to the potato than do the potato beetles. This is largely because their attacks are most severe at or soon after the critical period in the development of the potato. When badly eaten at this time, especially if the weather is dry, the plant never recovers. Arsenical poisons alone do not afford adequate protection. The combination of arsenites with bordeaux mixture does serve to keep off these pests. Experience has also shown that bordeaux mixture alone is sufficient protection in practice.

It is necessary to make several applications of arsenical poisons to the potato plant during June and July in order to give protection against the potato beetle. The commercial preparations used, paris green, london purple, etc., are largely insoluble. A small per cent of soluble arsenious acid is always present, however. This poison rarely penetrates the uninjured epidermis to do harm, but serious damage often results when it comes in contact with mutilated tissues, such as insect injuries, rents in the leaf, etc. The tissue die and blacken for some distance about such spots.

The full benefits from arsenical poisons can be obtained with lighter applications of arsenites than usually are made and such as will cause little or no injury (e. g., 1 pound in 100 to 200 gallons water). The slight remaining danger is eliminated when lime is added to the arsenite or when, as is preferable, the arsenite is applied in bordeaux mixture. In such cases the soluble arsenious acid is made insoluble by the lime and so rendered harmless.

"Tip burn" is characterized by the death of the potato leaves at their tips and margins, which portions dry, blacken and roll up or break off. This trouble occurs during the dry hot weather of midsummer. Tip burn is not caused by parasitic fungi. It is attributed to unfavorable weather conditions surrounding the plant, with insufficient water supply. As prevention, efforts should be made to sustain the general vigor of the plants. The only thing that can be done in addition is to irrigate in times of extreme drought. Irrigation of potatoes is rarely practiced in the eastern United

TIP BURN OF THE POTATO LEAF.

States outside of small gardens. We have seen marked benefits from watering such garden plots. In the western states, notably in Colorado, immense crops of potatoes are raised upon irrigated land.

In the eastern states proper attention to the accumulation of a store of humus in the soil by the more frequent growth of clover, frequent tillage during drought and proper spraying with bordeaux will reduce this damage to little practical importance.

The foregoing are among conclusions drawn by Professor L. R. Jones from investigation of potato troubles at the Vermont station.

THE GLASS OF FASHION.

A novelty in thin summer gowns is a white organdie trimmed with ecru lace insertion.

A V shaped neck filled in with transparent lace is a pretty accompaniment for the lace undersleeve.

The neck bands on our gowns are high and straight around and very simply trimmed, a result no doubt of the tendency to crowd so much decoration on this one small portion of the bodice.

Twine colored batiste decorated with guipure lace applique of the same color is used for fancy collar and revers on cloth jackets as a substitute for satin covered with lace and for detached collars as well.

Among the new robe gowns for summer wear are the white pique skirts elaborately trimmed with embroidery all ready to hang and zephyr robes in ecru color decorated with bands of embroidery of the same color.

A flat, round, platelike sort of hat is worn in Paris, poised well back on the head. It is a revival of the Louis Seize period and made of crinoline straw, with flowers and rosettes of chiffon or soft ribbon underneath the brim.

Black net well covered with applications of black taffeta makes a very pretty short cape, finished with frills of lace and chiffon. This sort of garment is made in cream tints as well, and also in gray and beige.—New York Sun.

REARING QUEENS.

Three Essential Points Stated by an Experienced Beeman.

To rear good queens, equal to those reared under the swarming impulse, three essential points must be observed:

They must be reared from small larvæ. Those 12 to 24 hours old are just right for the purpose. If bees are given larvæ of all ages from which to rear queens, some of the queens will be almost worthless. Doolittle puts the limit at 36 hours, but to be on the safe side I would advise the use of larvæ not more than 24 hours old; for no queen breeder will say that the former are better than the latter.

The queen cells must be built in full colonies well supplied with young bees. The young bees do the nursing; therefore, it is necessary to have plenty of young bees to feed the embryo queens a large quantity of the royal food, that strong, well developed queens may be produced.

They must be either reared during a good honey flow or, in the absence of this, liberal feeding must be practiced. This is highly important and is the only way in which we can rear good queens after the honey season is over.

During my 20 years' experience in queen rearing I have tried every method which has been brought to public notice, and I consider Doolittle's method far superior to all others. This method combines the essential points mentioned above in the highest degree. By it we are enabled to have queen cells built in the upper story of any colony devoted to the production of extracted honey having a queen excluding honey board between the upper story and brood chamber. Remove two frames from the upper story of such a colony, and in their place put two frames of unsealed brood. The object in doing this is to draw a large force of nurse bees above to attend to the queen cells. Two days later remove another frame from the upper story, spread the two frames of brood apart and place a prepared frame between them. By "prepared frame" is meant a frame containing a number of queen cell cups, each supplied with a little royal jelly and a larva about a day old. About 15 cells are as many as a colony should be allowed to build at one time.

In order to improve our stock for honey gathering we must keep a record each season of our best colonies and rear queens from the stock giving the best results. Have them crossed as far as possible with drones not akin of other good stock. This is accomplished by stocking our apiary with drones not related to our breeding queens. This is very important and must not be overlooked if we desire to improve our stock. In presenting the foregoing the Ohio Farmer says that the writer, a Kentucky apiarian, is considered one of the best queen raisers in the country.

Lice on Cucumbers.

The standard remedy for lice on cucumbers, except where plants are very tender, is a weak kerosene emulsion. This should be sprayed on when the lice appear and repeated until they are all killed. The emulsion is made by dissolving a half pound of hard soap or a quart of soft soap in a gallon of boiling water. Add to two gallons of kerosene and agitate violently by pumping through a force pump until the mixture assumes the consistency of cream. When a complete emulsion has been made, dilute to 50 gallons. If this injures the foliage, dilute still further, advises American Agriculturist.

An Important Question.

There was one question asked at a recent horticultural convention which is certainly important—viz. Does the free use of bordeaux mixture tend to ripen or lessen the keeping quality of the apple, and does it tend to the early maturity of the fruit?

The only reply was from a fruit grower of much experience and success, who said: "I have been spraying with bordeaux mixture for three years; previous to that with arsenites, and the fruit kept much better than it did during the last three years. It may have been the condition of the weather that made the difference."

News and Notes.

Of important wheat growing countries three alone—the United States, Russia and India—produce an important excess over their own consumptive demands. Austria-Hungary is also an exporter, but on a small scale. France endeavers, with varying success from year to year, to meet her own consumptive demands. Germany and Italy are importers, the latter an important customer on the Russian markets.

A species of digger wasp destroys the apple worm. The wasp is supposed to paralyze the worm by stinging it. It then lays eggs upon the worm, and when these hatch the young larvæ feed upon the worm, sucking the juice from the carcass and leaving only the shriveled skin.

Soy beans, which are produced at the rate of 10 to 20 bushels per acre, are a valuable feeding stuff, as they are quite high in protein, and to some extent take the place of such materials as linseed meal in the ration.

The growth of free rural delivery has been so rapid that two new postal divisions have been created in order to handle the business properly.

A California grower proposes a plan to restrict the acreage of hops to be harvested next fall and thus insure more remunerative prices. Because the industry is confined to limited areas in four states American Agriculturist points out that the proposition is simpler than the cotton problem and were hop growers to work in unison it would stand a fair chance of accomplishment.

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We have about 5,000 yards Summer Lawns and Piques in white and all colors that we must close out before we move. Our best 10c Piques are now 8c per yard. 12½c Stripe Piques now 10c. White Welts for Ladies' Skirts that were sold close for 18c are now 15c. 500 yards Chinese Silks in red, garnet, navy and black, regular 50c values, now 28c. Two pieces Navy Blue Silk with white polka dots, worth 50c, now 33c. Two styles Ladies' Dress Silks, extra quality, 26 inches wide, cheap at 50c, now 39c per yard. White Corded Silk at 32c per yard.

We have all the new shades and up-to-date styles in new Golf Hats, in gray and Summer colors, from 50c to $2.75. Narrow Velvet Ribbon at 19c bunch. We have all the widths in Velvet Ribbon.
We are sole agents for Aycock Hats, and are having a special sale of them. We have them at 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.25. We have 40 dozen Good Spectacles to sell at 5c per pair. Five hundred boxes Paper and Envelopes at 5c per box. Five hundred pounds Writing Paper at 10c pound. 1,500 cakes Sweet Soap. Turkish Bath and Tar Soap for 18c dozen; on Saturday 1c per cake. The best 10c Suspenders in the world. Richly worth 15c; while they last for 10c. Three hundred Ladies' Leather Belts, all samples. A 25c Ladies' Belt for 12c. Fifty dozen Shoe Soles at 10c a pair. Forty-eight pairs Lace Curtains at 48c a pair. A good 3-yard-long Lace Curtain for $1.00 a pair.

Two hundred yards very fine Black Organdie, worth 25c per yard wholesale, my price 18c per yard. White Bed Spreads from 50c up. Best quality Hemmed Sheets, 81 by 90 inches, for 60c each. We have a big stock Men's and Ladies' Bathing Suits to close out.

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A Farm of 350 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

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in Long Creek village, Pender county—35 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 3 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

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in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

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One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

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A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 365 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

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A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises, in good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. No tenant houses.

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VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

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DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect June 3rd, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., arrives Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M. Athens, Ga., 3:43 A. M., Atlanta 6:05 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 37 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 8:50 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6:50 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 9:05 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 8:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 403 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:00 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:10 P. M.; train No. 37 from Richmond and points North at 10.37 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 6.55 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9.00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N.C.

E. ST. JOHN,
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V. N. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 7 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Schedule in Effect July 22, 1900.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.31 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.38 P. M., Richmond 7.35 P. M., Norfolk 5.5 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.15 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M. Petersburg 2.57 A. M., Richmond 3.38 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M

DAILY except Sunday 2.35 P. M No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.44 P. M., Chadbourn 5.25 P. M. Marion 6.30 P. M., Florence 7.10 P. M. Sumter 8.07 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.20 A. M., Tampa 10.10 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York †5.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.55 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.20 A. M No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M. Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6.50 P. M., Petersburg 7.33 P. M., †Norfolk 3.30 P. M., Weldon 9.05 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.35 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.28 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.10 A. M., Sanford 12.05 P. M., Jacksonville 3.30 P. M., Savannah 2.10 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 3.30 P. M., Denmark 4.24 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.59 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.55 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 3.40 A. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.10 A. M., Red Springs 9.46 A. M., Hope Mills 10.33 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.58 P. M., Red Springs 5.30 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.16 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 2.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 6.40 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.35 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 9.00 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 2.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.06 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.26 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 8.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.43 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 5.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 5.30 P. M., Latta 5.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M. Chadbourn 5.25 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M. Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 5.15 P. M., Manning 6.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M. Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 5.35 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M. Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M. Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M., arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.30 A. M. Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.45 P. M. 11.24 P. M. Smithfield 3.00 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN FORMALLY OPENED.

Bryan and Stevenson Meet the Notification Committee at Indianapolis--The Speeches—Large Assemblage.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., August 8.—William J. Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson were to-day, in this city, officially and formally notified of their nominations by the Democrats at the recent Kansas City convention, to the offices respectively of President and Vice President of the United States. The ceremony was made the occasion of a demonstration with which the Democrats may be fairly said to have begun their national campaign.

The notification occurred in the Military Park, a beautifully shaded tract of ground in the center of the city. The park contains probably thirty acres of ground and it was well covered with people. In the vicinity of the speakers' stand the crowd was very dense. Probably a majority of them were residents of Indianapolis, but many were from other portions of Indiana, while many also came from distant States. There was also a quite general gathering of the members of the Democratic National Committee, while of course, the members of the two committees appointed to make the official notifications were also present. The occasion was, therefore, regarded as of national political importance.

A Street Parade.

The ceremony was preceded by a parade through the principal streets of the city, which was participated in by a number of visiting and local Democratic clubs. These acted as an escort to the notification party, and the cavalcade was an imposing one. The meeting began a few minutes after 3 o'clock and was concluded at 5.40 P. M. Five speeches were made. Mayor Taggart, of Indianapolis, adding a welcoming address to the notification speeches of Representative Richardson and Governor Thomas and responses made by Mr. Bryan and Mr. Stevenson.

The weather was hot, but toward the close of the ceremonies a slight breeze alleviated to some extent the suffering occasioned by the high temperature. At one time it appeared as if actual suffocation might be the result of the terrible crowding in front of the stand where the ceremonies occurred, but beyond a few fainting attacks and much personal discomfort, no evil resulted.

The meeting was called to order in a brief speech of welcome by Mayor Taggart of this city who introduced Senator Jones, the permanent chairman.

Senator Jones made no speech upon taking the chair, but confined his remarks to the simple introduction of the speakers to the audience.

Congressman Richardson.

Congressman James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, to whose lot, as permanent chairman of the National Convention, fell the duty of notifying Mr. Bryan of his nomination, made the first of the notification addresses.

Probably no man ever made an important speech under greater difficulties. The sun was throwing its rays directly upon many of his auditors, and besides they were present to hear Mr. Bryan. In this crowd, where a hand once down could not be raised and one raised could not be lowered, were old men, frail women and small children. Soon the mass began to sway back and forth through the efforts of those in the rear to get nearer the speaker. There were a few screams, more groans, and it became necessary to get some of the feeble people out of the crush. There were loud cries of "Cut it short!" "Give Bryan a chance!" "We can't stand here!" and other signs of impatience.

For a time Mr. Richardson did not appear perturbed by this clamor, but when there appeared to be real danger of serious results he brought his remarks to a somewhat precipitate close, speaking for only about fifteen minutes. Notwithstanding the general confusion, Mr. Richardson was liberally applauded, especially when he spoke of Sulu slavery and Oriental harems.

Mr. Bryan Introduced.

Mr. Bryan was introduced at 3:15 P. M. by Chairman Jones. After one burst of applause the crowd quieted down and remained well behaved through the delivery of the speech. There were occasionally cries of "louder," when Mr. Bryan began to speak, butthese were offset by huzzahs for the speaker. After a few contests of this kind the auditors made no further signs except to applaud the points of the speech.

Mr. Bryan read his speech, departing not from his manuscript except in a word of explanation at the beginning of his address. Mr. Bryan never appeared to better advantage. His face was slightly flushed, but his eye was clear and calm and his voice was never more completely under his command. He was dressed in black sack coat, which was loosely buttoned about the waist. A white shirt front and white necktie gave the appearance of coolness, which comported well with the speaker's personal bearing. His voice was far-reaching and that he was heard at a great distance was made evident by the fact that people far out in the crowd listened apparently as intently as those who sat on the platform.

There was general cheering over the speaker's promise to convene Congress immediately to remedy the Philippine situation if he were elected. No part of the speech received the earnest commendation that was bestowed upon the peroration. This called out an outburst that was both tumultuous and prolonged.

Mr. Bryan spoke a few words extemporaneously in introducing his speech, all of which except the peroration was read from manuscript, The closing sentences were repeated from memory in a most effective manner.

Mr. Stevenson's Address.

Concluding at 4:40 he was promptly followed by Gov. C. S. Thomas, of Colorado, who introduced Mr. Stevenson.

Mr. Stevenson was apparently slightly nervous as the time approached for him to take the stand, but he soon gained confidence as he proceeded. Mr. Bryan led the liberal applause which greeted the appearance of his fellow candidate as he advanced to the front, and many points of the speech were liberally punctuated by appreciation of applause as the speech proceeded. He read from his manuscript, but held the majority of his audience to the end.

Mr. Stevenson closed amid liberal applause at twenty minutes of six o'clock, and Senator Jones then declared the meeting adjourned sine die.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw N. C.

MATTERS BROUGHT TO AN ACUTE STAGE

The Chinese Situation Considered Very Grave by the Authorities in Washington.

ANOTHER DEMAND ON CHINA.

Determination to Show the Chinese Government That the United States is Not to Be Trifled With—More Troops Are Available.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The Chinese situation is considered very grave by the authorities in Washington. The receipt of the message from Mr. Conger last night which indicated a continuation of the firing upon the legationers and the Chinese government's insistance that the ministers should leave Pekin, which Mr. Conger considered would mean certain death, brought matters to an acute stage. All day the cabinet officers who are in town have been consulting with each other and the President has been communicated with by telegraph and over the long distance telephone. Secretary Root held two conferences with Attorney General Griggs and several with acting Secretary of State Adee, and their views were communicated to the President. As a result of these consultations it was announced officially at the close of the day that a message to the imperial government at Pekin had been delivered to Minister Wu for transmission to his government. The text of the message was prepared by acting Secretary of State Adee and Secretary Root and in its final form was made known to the President, in a talk conducted by Mr. Root over the White House long-distance telephone. It was then stated definitely that the authorities of this government would not make public the text of this latest communication to China till Minister Wu had had opportunity to forward it to his government.

The chief officials of the government were not willing to outline in any definite manner the contents of the message although it was accepted generally that the communication was

Emphatic and to the Point.

The message sent to the Chinese government through Mr. Wu, according to the best information obtainable, informs that government that the removal of the restrictions upon communication with our minister, evidenced both by the receipt of Mr. Conger's message and the transmission of the edict of the fifth, is very gratifying, but is not an entire compliance with the original demands of the President in his reply to the appeal for mediation. The President, in his original communication to the Emperor of China, laid down three conditions precedent to any action looking to negotiations for the settlement of the difficulties between China and the powers. These conditions in the President's own words were as follows:

"I most solemnly urge your majesty's government to give public assurance whether the foreign ministers are alive and if so in what condition.

"2. To put the diplomatic representatives of the powers in immediate and free communication with their respective governments and to remove all danger to their lives and liberty.

"3. To place the imperial authorities of China in communication with the relief expedition, so that co-operation may be secured between them for the liberation of the legations and the protection of foreigners and the restoration of order."

Demands Reiterated.

These three demands practically were reiterated in the dispatch which Secretary Hay sent to General Goodnow at Shanghai August 1, for submission to Earl Li Hung Chang. The authorities consider that the opening of communication with Minister Conger, therefore only partially complies with the President's demands. With the legationers still under fire, the Chinese government cannot be said to have removed "all danger to their lives and property," and moreover, so far as known here, the imperial authorities of China have made no efforts to communicate with the relief expedition, The new demand upon the Chinese government is for square-toed compliance with those conditions. There is hope, growing out of the fact that the Chinese government has yielded partially, that when confronted with the firm position taken by the United States it will be sufficiently impressed to make complete acquiescence. This government's determination, it is hoped, will show the Chinese government that the United States is not to be trifled with and will bring the shifting, evasive authorities in Pekin to a full realization of the situation and the consequences of refusal.

Minister Wu Disturbed.

Minister Wu, early in the day, brought to the State Department the imperial edict removing the restrictions from free communication with the ministers. He was plainly perturbed over Minister Conger's report that the legationers were under fire, but still contended that his government was acting in good faith and protested against a misinterpretation of the situation. He pointed out the fact that the absence of artillery fire might indicate that there were no regular troops engaged in the assault and that the rifle fire spoken of by Mr. Conger might be simply niping of disgruntled irregulars who were engaged in guerilla tactics.

The text of the edict of August 2d is as follows:

"Throughout the disturbances recently caused by our subjects on account of the Christian missions, which have resulted in a conflict of forces, it has been found necessary to afford protection to all the foreign ministers in Pekin. On repeated occasions the Tsung Li Yamen sent notes, inquiring after their welfare. And as Pekin has not yet been restored to order and precautionary measures may not secure absolute safety, the foreign ministers are being consulted as to the proposed plan of detailing troops to escort them safely to Tien Tsin for temporary shelter, so that they may be free from apprehension or fear.

"We hereby command Jung Lu to appoint, as a preliminary step, trustworthy military officials, who, together with reliable and efficient troops, shall, at such time as the foreign ministers may agree upon for leaving Pekin, escort and protect them throughout their journey. Should lawless characters manifest evil designs upon the ministers or attempt to rob them or in any way create trouble, they (the high officials) shall at once repress them without fail."

Military Situation.

Two dispatches were received during the day, one from Admiral Remey and the other from General Chaffee. Both related to the fighting at Pei Tsang, Admiral Remey's dispatch stated specifically that the Americans were not engaged and General Chaffee's dispatch explains how it was that they practically were out of it. They occupied the rear of the turning column. Owing to the limited ground of operations, which he mentions, it is probable that the Americans could not be brought into the thick of the fighting, and they thus escaped without casualties. The fact that the American troops did not have an opportunity to distinguish themselves was something of a disappointment to the officials of the War Department, but, knowing General Chaffee as they do, they are confident if his men were not engaged, it was because it was physically impossible to bring them into action. The continued brilliant work of the Japanese, who seem to have borne the brunt of the fighting at Pei Tsang, as well as at Tien Tsin, attracts unstinted praise for the doughty warriors of the Mikado's realm.

Secretary Root said to-night that the events of the day had caused no change in the military situation so far as the advance on Pekin was concerned and no additional orders had been sent to General Chaffee.

Delayed Chinese Edict.

The Chinese minister has received a copy of the imperial edict of August 2 which was delayed in transmission. It directs the safe conduct of the foreigners to Tien Tsin and assigns Jung Lu to select efficient officials to give this safe conduct.

Mr. Wu has also received an edict under date of August 5th in which the Chinese government permits the powers to hold open and free communication with their ministers. This includes the sending of cipher messages.

Message to Minister Conger.

A reply has been sent to Minister Conger by the State Department to the message received from him late yesterday. It advises him of the approach of the relief column and exhorts him to be of good cheer. The dispatch was sent direct to Minister Conger at Pekin, and a duplicate of it to Consul General Goodnow at Shanghai. Goodnow was directed to spare no pains or expense to get the message to Minister Conger. The message is in cipher and intended to test the assertion of the Chinese edict that free cipher communication would be allowed.

Acting Secretary Adee received a cable message this morning from Consul Goodnow at Shanghai, giving the latest information in his possession in regard to the situation in China, including the operations of the allied forces engaged in the advance on Pekin. It was referred to the Secretary of War and was not made public.

More Troops in Readiness.

The critical situation developed here to-day by the receipt of the Conger message gave rise to a number of rumors of renewed military activity. It can be stated on the authority of the Secretary of War that no actual steps have been taken, but it is understood that acting on a precautionary message, addressed him some time ago, General MacArthur has so arranged matters in Luzon as to have a considerable body of troops on which he can draw in an emergency should there be a sudden and imperative need to send them to reinforce the international column in China.

MINISTERS IN PEKIN.

Rifle Fire on the Legations from Chinese Troops and Boxers Continues—The Killed and Wounded.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, August 8.—The Foreign Office has received the following dispatch from Herr Below, first secretary of the German legation at Pekin, dated Tsi Nan:

"Since July 21st the situation has not changed. There has been neither attacks by the troops en masse upon us nor shell fire; only desultory rifle fire. The health of the members of the legation is comparatively good. The wounded are progressing."

LONDON, August 8.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Brodrick, parliamentary secretary for the Foreign Office, read a telegram from Sir Claude MacDonald, British minister to China, received in cipher at the Foreign Office this morning. The dispatch was in reply to a government message and bore date of Pekin, August 3rd. It was as follows:

"I have to-day received your cipher telegram forwarded to me by the Chinese minister. The shell and cannon fire ceased on July 16, but the rifle fire has continued from the Chinese positions held by government troops and Boxers intermittingly ever since. The casualties since then have been slight. Except one private of marines, all the wounded are doing well. The rest of the British in the legation are well, including the whole garrison. The total of killed is sixty and of wounded 110. We have strengthened our fortifications. We have over 200 women and children refugees in the legation. The Chinese government has refused transmission of telegrams in cipher until now."

Mr. Brodrick also read the following dispatch from Admiral Bruce, filed at Che Foo, August 6th:

"The allies, about 12,000 strong, attacked the Chinese entrenched position at Hsiku, about ten miles outside Tien Tsin early this morning. The Chinese were driven out and retired northward, pursued by the allies, who occupied Peitsang. Transports followed up the troops. By road and river the advance upon Pekin has been begun."

Mr. Brodrick said he thought the messages were, on the whole, satisfactory. The country understood the policy of Her Majesty's government in regard to China which was to carry on with absolute fairness and determination the measures taken to preserve the country's interests.

CRAWFORD NOMINATED.

Democratic Candidate for Congress in the Ninth District.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., August 8.—W. T. Crawford was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Ninth district to-day by acclamation.

Crawford received the certificate of election in 1898 but was unseated after a contest by Richmond Pearson, Republican. It is probable Pearson will be re-nominated by the Republicans at a convention to be held at Waynesville Wednesday next.

Acting Assistant Surgeon H. B. Mohr, of the Marine Hospital Service, in a cablegram says there have been no yellow fever developments at Bocas del Toro, since July 26th, when three cases had been reported.

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the world. 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

BRITISH TROOPS SENT TO SHANGHAI

Disposition in London to Take a More Hopeful View of the Situation in China.

THE INTERNATIONAL FORCES.

A German Field Marshal to Be Commander-in-Chief—Opposition to the British Government Landing Troops at Shanghai.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 9, 4 A. M.—Beyond the official news given out yesterday, the morning papers contain no direct information of importance from China. Thanks to the dispatches of Sir Claude McDonald and Rear Admiral Bruce, there is a general disposition to take a more hopeful view of the situation. The report of the appointment of Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee as commander-in-chief of the international forces meets with general approval.

The Rome correspondent of the *Daily Mail* announces the reception there of official dispatches from the Italian minister in Pekin, asserting that he left Pekin on July 31st, presumably for Tien Tsin. This, however, is so utterly at variance with the action and intentions of the other ministers heard from, that it seems almost incredible. If true, it opens up an interesting field of speculation concerning the fate of the Italian representative. The Chinese legation believes that the members of the foreign legations have not yet left Pekin, but that they will do so.

The Shanghai correspondent of the *Daily News*, wiring yesterday, says:

"United States General Goodnow strongly opposes Admiral Seymour's intention to land three thousand troops on the ground that such an act would not be warranted by the circumstances and would be likely to create trouble. M. Bezaure, the French consul, agrees to the arrangement but says that if the British land forces, the French will do likewise. The Austrians also will land men. My personal opinion is that the landing of troops at the pasent moment would be a grave mistake."

To Command the Allied Forces.

BERLIN, August 8.—The German Foreign Office, in confirming to the correspondent of the Associated Press this evening the report of Count von Waldese's appointment, said that it was only to the command of German forces in China, and that the question as to whether he would command all the international forces had not been settled. The correspondent asked if any other power had suggested an appointment, but the official interviewed declined to answer. Nevertheless all the evening papers publish that he has been appointed commander-in-chief of the combined forces. It is understood that Emperor William has arranged the matter personally and directly with the other powers.

The appointment makes an excellent impression. The British ambassador, Sir Frank Lascelles, has expressed his satisfaction in the most emphatic terms.

British to Occupy Shanghai.

SHANGHAI, August 8.—Vice Admiral Seymour has arranged with the viceroy of Nankin for a British occupation of the foreign settlements at Shanghai.

The German warship Seeadler has arrived at Tsin Taub from Apia.

HONG KONG, August 8.—Two detachments of Indian troops here have been notified to prepare to proceed to Shanghai.

About 3,000 Black Flags left Canton to-day, ostensibly for Pekin. It is reported at Canton that the French intend to clear the Chinese craft from the creek separating the artificial island of Sha Mien and Canton. The Chinese protest against such action as calculated to cause disturbance.

BERLIN, August 8.—The *Post* says Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee starts for China in a fortnight.

Situation in Pekin.

ROME, August 8.—The Foreign Office here has received a cipher dispatch, bearing the signature of the Italian minister at Pekin, not dated, in which the minister, the Marquis Salvago Raggi, confirms the reports of the murder of Baron von Ketteler, the German minister, and adds that the legations of Belgium, Austria and Italy have been evacuated, the members of the legations, missionaries and foreigners, to the number of 700, seeking refuge in the British legation.

The Catholic missions in the north city, it is further announced, hold out, defended by thirty French and ten Italian marines. The British legation, when the dispatch was sent, was provisioned for two weeks.

Eastern Siberia.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 8.—War Office telegrams, received here from Eastern Siberia, show the Chinese have destroyed the railroad in several places, interrupting the passage of through trains. Repairs are proceeding. The Cossacks now guard 2,000 versts of the frontier railroad.

Cable from Che Foo to Taku

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The War Department has been informed that the Great Northern Cable Company has laid a cable from Che Foo to Taku. This cable will be opened as soon as arrangements can be made with connecting lines and the consent of the various governments obtained. It, also, is stated that a cable will be laid by the Eastern Extension Company, from Che Foo to Shanghai, which will give uninterrupted telegraphic communication between the governments and their armies in China.

THE LATE KING HUMBERT.

Italians in Norfolk, Va., to Hold Memorial Services Next Thursday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., August 8.—The Italian Society and the Italian Democratic Club have decided to hold a joint service in memory of the late King Humbert. The service will be held on Thursday, August 16th, at St. Mary's Catholic Church. There will be a requiem mass, and it will be a most solemn and impressive occasion. Mayor Johnston and other prominent city officials will be invited to attend. The entire Italian colony, which is large, will be present. There will be a street parade with brass band and services at the church. The Italian vice consul, Mr. J. Davis Reed, will be received and escorted to the church.

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. †

ARRESTED IN RICHMOND, VA.

An Italian Alleged to Be an Anarchist, Charged With Plotting to Blow Up the Cathedral.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., August 8.—Alex. Brasco, an Italian about thirty years of age, a marble cutter by trade, is a prisoner at the second police station, on the charge of being a suspicious character. Detectives arrested him this morning on the complaint of a committee of prominent Italians, who declared that Brasco was an Anarchist and that he had made a plot to throw a bomb into the Cathedral to-morrow while the memorial services in respect to the late King Humbert were being celebrated.

Brasco is a poor English scholar. He can hardly make himself understood, but to a reporter he tried to make it plain to-day that he was not an Anarchist.

The gentlemen who have the celebration in honor of King Humbert in charge was informed yesterday that an Anarchist were in the city and that he had been making threats. It was said that he had declared that he did not care that the King had been killed; in fact, that he knew the monarch was to die, and that he knew the date and time in advance. It was also charged that Brasco declared that a bomb would be thrown into the cathedral to morrow and that another would be thrown into the parade.

Chief Howard heard the complaint of the Italian citizens, the chief of detectives was sent for, and after hearing the report, assigned detectives to the case with instructions to arrest the man and bring him to headquarters. It was learned that Brasco was at work at a marble yard, but the alleged Anarchist was picked up on the streets and taken to headquarters. Later it was said that Brasco had been at the Anarchist meeting in Paterson, N. J., at the time of the laying of plots to kill the king. It is also charged now that Brasco had been trying to organize an Anarchist band here.

The man bears a striking resemblance to the pictures printed of Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, and the similarity of the names has led many of the local Italians to think that the two men are brothers.

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.

Talk in Washington of Probable Action in the Chinese Matter.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—While there is talk of the probable action of the United States government in the Chinese matter and some discussion of the possibilities of an extra session of Congress to deal with the whole situation, it is very likely that nothing will be done until additional information is received from China. The tenor of the message from Consul General Goodnow this morning and which he is expected to communicate to the Chinese authorities, was such as to necessitate an answer at once. The authorities here are now awaiting that reply.

It is stated that President McKinley will not return to Washington until next week, when he will be accompanied by Mrs. McKinley. As to the possibility of an extra session of Congress, it was said to-day by a prominent official that such a session was improbable. The situation, he said, is one of rescue, and were Congress in session now it could not get additional troops to China in time to participate in the entrance to Pekin.

IN THE TRANSVAAL.

Believed That the British Garrison at Eland's River Has Been Captured. Methuen Fighting De Wet.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 8.—Lord Roberts fears that the Eland's river garrison has been captured after ten days' resistance. The War Office has received the following dispatch:

"*Pretoria, August 7.*—Delarey, hearing of Ian Hamilton's approach toward Rustenberg, and seeing that he had no chance of capturing Baden-Powell, hurried off to Eland's river. Hamilton reported that firing in the direction of Eland's river did not cease yesterday and Lieutenant Colonel Moore's garrison had evidently been captured.

"Hamilton left Rustenberg this morning, bringing Baden-Powell's force with him. DeWet commenced crossing the Vaal river yesterday. Kitchener is now moving in pursuit. Methuen, on the right bank of the Vaal, has evidently come into contact with the advance guard, as his guns were heard by Kitchener this morning.

U. S. TRANSPORT GROUNDED.

The McPherson With Troops Struck on a Reef—She Was Floated Again.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ON BOARD NORWEGIAN STEAMSHIP JAMAICA, August 5, via Cape Henry, Va., August 8.—The United States transport McPherson, which struck on Windsor Point reef, Fortune Island, Thursday morning, August 2d, at 4 o'clock, succeeded just before high tide to-day, with the assistance of the Norwegian tramp steamer Jamaica, in putting water under her keel after fifteen minutes' hard pulling. The Jamaica, it is assumed, captures big salvage money. The transport is uninjured.

The McPherson was three miles east of her course when she was grounded. The second officer was on the bridge, and the night was dark and squally. Both troops and crew showed excellent discipline. The former were landed with considerable difficulty on the island, which is about a mile distant from the reef. The cargo was discharged as rapidly as possible, and, at each high tide the transport made an effort to pull off with tackle on the anchors astern. The Atlas liner Elene made two unsuccessful attempts to relieve her.

DANIEL A. TOMPKINS

Appointed a Member of Industrial Commission by President McKinley.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The President has appointed Daniel A. Tompkins, of North Carolina, a member of the Industrial Commission, to succeed Ellyson A. Smith, resigned. Mr. Tompkins is largely identified with the cotton interests of the South and is one of the principal owners of the Charlotte *Observer*.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Result of Base Ball Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Chicago—Chicago, 3; Philadelphia, 5.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 6; Boston, 3.

IN ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America—Addresses and Reports. A Telegram to the Pope.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, August 8.—The thirtieth annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America began here to-day, and will continue until Friday. About three hundred delegates are in attendance from nearly every State in the Union. Previous to the business session solemn pontifical mass was celebrated at the cathedral by Archbishop Ryan. The sermon was preached by Monsignor T. J. Conaty, rector of the Catholic University at Washington.

A communication was received from Archbishop Elly, Papal delegate, placing the stamp of his approval on the work of the union.

The convention decided to send a cablegram to the Pope giving a summary of the work of the union during the thirty years of its existence and asking the papal benediction.

At the afternoon session the report of the Bishop Tierney of Hartford, was read by the secretary. It recommended action on the proposed federation of Catholic societies, the desecration of churches in the Philippines, the Cuban marriage question, and the Indian school problem.

In the report of Third Vice President Mrs. L. M. Lake, of St. Louis, attention was called to the alarming increase of drunkenness among women. Several authorities were quoted on the subject and the tendency was declared to be one fraught with woe to future generations, and the subject one deserving of the most careful consideration.

The secretary's report showed that the total membership is now 81,121.

To-night there was a mass meeting in the Academy of Music, at which Archbishop Ryan presided. Addresses were made by clergymen and laymen prominent in the temperance cause.

PARLIAMENT ADJOURNED.

The Queen's Speech—Brief Reference to South Africa and the Trouble in China.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 8.—Parliament adjourned to-day, after the appropriation bill had been passed by both houses.

The Qeen's speech, after stating that the relations with the powers of Europe and America continued friendly and a reference to the establishment of the commonwealth of Australia, refers to the war in South Africa, saying:

"Believing the continued independence of the republics to be a constant danger to the peace of South Africa, I authorized the Free State, as the first step to the union of the races under an institution which may in time be developed so as to secure equal rights and privileges in South Africa."

Referring to China, the speech from the throne says:

"The British and other legations at Pekin have been unexpectedly attacked by an insurgent mob and it is feared many of their inmates have been murdered. How far the Chinese authorities are accomplices in this atrocious crime and whether the British minister and his family are among the victims, are matters still in uncertainty. The utmost efforts will be made by myself and my allies to visit with worthy punishment the authors of this unexampled crime."

An innovation in the Queen's speech which caused some comment was the mentioning of America specifically. The speeches from the throne usually allude to the powers generally or to European powers.

WARM WIRELETS.

The population of Providence, R. I., according to the recent census is 175,592. In 1890 the population was 132,446. The increase in ten years is 32.88 per cent.

The latest reports from General MacArthur show that the sickness in the army in the Philippines is only eight per cent., which is considered a remarkably good showing.

Dr. Porter said last night that he had no statement to make regarding the fever situation in Tampa, as there is absolutely nothing suspicious in the city. The inspection continues.

Robert M. LaFollettee was yesterday nominated for Governor by the Republican State Convention of Wisconsin. The platform among other things declares for the abolition of caucuses and conventions and the nominating of candidates by direct vote under the Australian ballot system.

SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.

Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.

Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

BUY THE GENUINE — MANF'D. BY

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

For sale by druggists — price 50¢ per bottle.

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 1 tf

MILLINERY SALE.

Feathers, Veilings, Flowers, Hat Trimmings, etc. Continuation of the sale of Miss Gracie V. Wood's stock.

25 to 50 cents

on the dollar.
Lots of Bargains this week.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

au 5 tf

THE FIGHT AT PEITSANG.

Japanese Bore the Brunt of the Battle. Americans Arrived After the Engagement Was Over.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The War Department has received the following cablegram from General Chaffee:

"*Che Foo, August 6.*—Peitsang handsomely taken early this morning by Japanese troops, supported by English and Americans. Japanese loss considerable; English slight; Americans none. Ground very limited. In the morning the American troops occupied a rear position, which was to form a turning movement, but were unable to form on line. We will cross Pei Ho to left bank to-morrow morning and move on Yang Tsun. Consul at Che Foo furnished copy dispatch from Tsung li Yamen which he has just cabled."

The Navy Department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Remey:

"*Taku*, August 6, via Che Foo, August 8.—Chaffee reports the Japanese took Peitsang the morning of the 5th. Engagement was over before the Americans arrived. Movement probably continued to Yang Tsun. Inform Secretary of War."

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency offers for sale the timber on a tract of land on North East River. It includes over one million feet of fine Cypress timber. See advertisement. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Dr. Stokes' office is removed to No. 208 South Front street. Bell 'Phone 330, Inter-State No. 73. th sa su au 9 3t*

Red Men—The members of Eyota Tribe No. 5, are requested to be at Cherokee Tribe No. 9, Thursday night, to assist in the adoption of Pale Faces. J. M. McGowan, Chief of Records. au 9 1t

Feathers wanted—Market price paid for Old Feather Beds and Pillows. All orders promptly attended. Send postal. J. L. Isaacs, Bonitz Hotel, Market street. Bell 'Phone 112. au 7 4t*

I shall be absent from the city Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week. Will return Friday morning to my business, and will make Souvenir Photos at $1.00 per dozen on Saturday. Very respectfully, Paul M. Taylor, ex su. au 7 tf

E. E. Lee, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Room 5 Bank Building, Lumberton, N. C. Claims attended to promptly. Practices anywhere desired. au 7 3m

The Jr. Order United American Mechanics will give their first annual Family Excursion to Carolina Beach next Thursday, August 9th. There will be four boats; last boat leaving Beach at 11 o'clock. Refreshments served at city prices. Music will be furnished for dancing in Carolina Beach Hotel dining room. Best of order will be preserved. au 5 4t

For Rent—Store No. 226 North Water; now occupied by W. B. Cooper. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. jy 29 tf

Notice—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Eastern Carolina Pisciatorial Association will be held in the city of Wilmington, N. C., at the office of the Secretary, room No. 7, Masonic Temple, on Tuesday, August 7th, at 11 o'clock A. M. Geo. H. Howell, Secretary. jy 18 td

Sweet Florida Pineapples—Two hundred must be sold to-day, 10c and 15c each. Call early. 'Phone 430. T. D. Love. jy 14 tf

Now is the time to have your tires put on for the Summer, thereby saving rims. Marshall's Iron and Wood Work Shops, Seventeenth and Market streets. jy 13 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern, 311 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

For Sale—Hand-made Buggies of different makes. Also Harness of all kinds, and prices to suit the times. Come and see me when in need of something nice. P. H. Hayden. sep 24 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

no 24 tf

Prairie Beauties, Coquette, Autumn Violet. | **Highly Perfumed.**

These Soaps are the personification of purity. As a special inducement to keep clean this hot weather, I will sell one dozen cakes (at one sale) for 75c; less than a dozen, 10c cake; three for 25 cents. Do not get these mixed up with other so-called Soaps.

This IS Soap.

JAMES D. NUTT,
jy 29 tf The Druggist.

20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT AND FREE STORAGE TILL OCT. 1ST.

The majority of my customers are at the Seashore or the Mountains, hence my sales for balance of season must be made to the few "stay-at-homes" and sympathizers, and in order to stimulate trade I will sell all my higher grade goods at 20 per cent. discount from spot cash prices and give free storage till October 1st. Those who contemplate house-keeping or matrimony can save by this offer enough to pay at least a month's house rent.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street.

jy 29 tf

Attention!

Fruit Growers and Beach Residents.

We have just received a car-load of

Mason's Fruit Jars.

Let us have your orders. We would respectfully call the attention of the hotels and families living on the Beaches to our line of

Crockery, Dinner Sets,

&c., as well as full assortment of Glassware, especially suited for Beach or Sound.

We carry the best Lead Flint Lamp Chimneys that are made. Try them and your trade will be ours.

O. P. Cazaux & Co.

my 13 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,

Martin's Gilt Edge Butter, Bagging and Ties.

SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep 19 tf

STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the Close of Business June 29th, 1900, Condensed from Report to Comptroller

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 771,179 73
Overdrafts		282 50
U. S. Bonds (at par)		216,100 00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00
Due from app'd res've ag'ts	$187,965 57	
Due from other banks	174,879 74	
Cash on hand	87,593 69	450,439 00
Total		$1,388,001 23

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 125,000 00
Surplus and undivided profits		107,961 73
Circulation		65,630 00
Deposits U. S. Treas	$136,875 00	
Deposits from Banks	114,694 77	
Deposits from individuals	844,527 68	1,089,437 45
Total		$1,388,031 23

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	June 30 '98.	June 29, '99.	June 29, 1900
Total deposits	$560,500	$987,700	$1,089,400
Surplus and net profits	79,700	92,700	107,900
U.S. bonds at par	40,100	95,600	216 100

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October, 1892. jy 10 tf

Schedule

Carolina Beach and Southport In effect June 12th.

FOR CAROLINA BEACH.

Boat leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach 6 A. M., 9.15 A. M., 2.45 P. M., 5.15 P. M. and 7.30 P. M

FOR WILMINGTON.

Trains leave Beach at 7 A. M., 1 P. M., 3.30 P. M., 6 P. M. and 8.30 P. M.

Fare to the Pier and return on the 5.15 and 7.30 boat 15 cents.

No 7.30 boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 train from Beach on Monday and Saturday.

Leave Wilmington Sunday at 10.00 A. M. 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M.

Leave Beach Sunday at 12.30 P. M., 6 P. M. and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT.

Boat leaves Wilmington at 9.15